## **Tonbridge & Malling BC**

## 2015/16 Financial statements

## Compliance with International Standards on Auditing: Information requested from Those Charged With Governance

## Introduction

As part of our risk assessment procedures external auditors are required to obtain an understanding of certain management processes and the oversight of those processes by Those Charged With Governance (TCWG).

We therefore request responses from TCWG to the questions set out below. It is suggested the responses from TCWG should follow consideration of the responses from management.

For Tonbridge & Malling BC responsibility for approving the accounts falls to the Audit Committee.

ISA 240: Fra	ISA 240: Fraud				
1	How do TCWG exercise over	rsight of management's processes in relation to:			
a)	Undertaking an assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated due to fraud.	The Accounts are prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the UK 2015/16. A Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts is included in the Statement of Accounts which is approved by the Audit Committee and subsequently signed by the Chairman of the Committee and the Director of Finance and Transformation. This Statement of Responsibilities is supported by a detailed declaration from the Director of Finance and Transformation.			
		The Accounts also contain the Annual Governance Statement which confirms compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance. It is signed by the Chief Executive and the Leader of the Council and confirms that there are no known breaches of laws and regulations.  The Accounts are presented to Members with an			
		accompanying report which explains significant items and movements.			
b)	Identifying and responding to risks of fraud in the organisation (including how TCWG oversee any specific risks of fraud which management has brought to	The zero-tolerance culture of the organisation towards fraud is reinforced by use of Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policies supported by a Whistleblowing Policy with outcomes being reported to Members.			
	its attention, or any classes of transactions, account balances, or disclosure for which a risk of fraud is likely to exist).	There is a comprehensive internal audit programme based upon a risk assessment that covers all of the main accounting systems on a regular basis. These reviews result in an assurance level being given to Members for each individual audit and this is used by the Chief Audit Executive to give an overall assurance level to Members in their Annual Report. In addition, all reports and			

		recommendations are reported to relevant Chief Officers and management with comprehensive follow-up procedures that monitor improvement.
		The Council works with partners to identify and investigate fraud. The referrals made through the National Fraud Initiative (NFI) exercise are investigated and outcomes are reported to Members of the Audit Committee.
		The Fraud Section works closely with the Department of Work and Pensions (DWP) to investigate allegations of fraud. There is also participation in the Housing Benefit Matching System that uses data matching in order to identify incorrect benefit payments.
c)	Communication to employees of views on business practice and ethical behaviour.	In order to make sure that all staff are fully aware of the zero tolerance culture of the organisation to fraud the Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy and the Whistleblowing Policy are circulated to staff annually via "Netconsent". This is software that requires staff to read policies and acknowledge understanding of them before they can log on to the Council's computer systems. Other relevant policies are also circulated as appropriate.
		All staff are required to abide by the Officer's Code of Conduct and this is provided on appointment to the Council. Staff in some areas such as Housing Benefits and Internal Audit are also required to sign additional specific Codes of Conduct.
d)	Communication to TCWG the processes for identifying and responding to fraud.	The Anti-fraud and supporting policies are reviewed and agreed by Members on a regular basis. Any serious breaches are reported to Members with action taken to improve control weaknesses that were identified.
2	Have TCWG identified any specific fraud risks within the organisation, particular locations where fraud is more likely to occur, or areas that are at risk of fraud?	The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the risk management process in place. The Council acknowledge the inherent risk of fraud occurring within the organisation, however, while there are systems recognised as being more at risk of fraud than others no specific fraud risks have been identified by TCWG in relation to location or area.
		In addition, regular reporting of insurance claims takes place. This would include any claims that have arisen from fraud or breaches of internal control.
		When the Annual Audit Plan is considered by the Audit Committee it will have taken into account any areas identified as high risk. Members receive an Annual Fraud Report detailing the work of the Investigations Team into the Council's highest fraud risk areas. Members are updated on publications such as "Protecting the Public Purse", exercises such as the National Fraud Initiative and action taken to address any issues raised.

3	How are staff encouraged to	The Council has a Whistleblowing Policy for all
	report their concerns about fraud, and the types of	Members, employees and contractors. This Policy enables concerns to be raised confidentially with an
	concerns that they are	explanation of how concerns raised will be
	expected to report?	investigated and dealt with. It also gives guidance
		on the types of concerns to raise. The most recent version of this Policy was
		circulated to staff using "Netconsent".
		In addition, fraud awareness training is planned for 2016/17.
4	How do they satisfy	Members are presented with an Annual
	themselves that internal controls, including segregation of duties, exist and work effectively?	Governance Statement that informs them of the procedures in place designed to minimise the risk of fraud and error.
	chockvery:	The Internal Audit process requires Internal Audit to
		give a level of assurance on the area audited.
		There are regular reports provided to the Audit Committee that inform Members of these
		assurance levels. Members are also given a
		summary of the audit with details of any
		recommendations made.
		The Committee are able to question the Chief Audit
		Executive on the contents of this report in order to satisfy themselves that adequate internal controls
		are in place to prevent fraud and breaches of internal control.
		Where there is a perceived weakness the report will contain steps recommended to strengthen the
		controls.
		Any reports addressed to the Council from the
		External Auditor are presented to the Audit Committee. The External Auditor and/or his
		representative/s regularly attend Audit Committee
		meetings and will present their findings to the Audit
		Committee as well as answering any questions on the reports.
5	Are TCWG aware of any	The only frauds that have been reported to
	actual, suspected or alleged frauds during the year?	Members during 2015/16 related to Council Tax, Housing and Housing Benefit. No other significant
	madao dannig tilo your:	concerns in 2015/16 have been reported to
	If yes, what has been the response?	Members.
6	Are TCWG aware of any	There were no concerns raised during the year
	whistleblower tips or	2015/16.
	complaints during the year?	
	If yes, what has been the response?	
ISA 250: Cor	npliance with laws and regula	ations
7	How do TCWG satisfy	The Council's Constitution is written to ensure
	themselves that the Council	compliance with law and requires all officers to
	complies with legislation and	comply with the relevant legislation. The Annual
	relevant regulatory frameworks?	Governance Statement contains assurance that all relevant laws have been complied with. Any
		breaches of laws or regulations will be reported to
	T. Control of the Con	Members by the Monitoring Officer.

		In addition, all reports to Members include a section giving consideration to and or setting out the legal position / implications.
8	Are you aware of any actual or potential litigation or claims that could materially affect the financial statements?	We are not aware of any actual or potential litigation or claims that could materially affect the financial statements.
ISA 260: A	Accounts planning risk	
9	Are TCWG aware of any significant internal and external operational, financial, compliance or other risks facing the Council which might have an effect on the financial statements? Where there are such risks, what is the likelihood of those risks materialising?	The risk management system requires all Chief Officers to regularly review their risk registers and report any movements into the high area to Management Team. Updates on the outcome of these reviews are reported to the Audit Committee where appropriate. In addition, all reports to Members include an assessment of potential risks and steps taken to minimise the risk.  These processes have not identified any significant internal and external operational, financial, compliance or other risks facing the Council which might have an effect on the financial statements.
10	Are there any matters TCWG consider warrant particular attention during the audit? Are there any areas where they would request additional procedures to be undertaken?	There are no matters which TCWG consider warrant particular attention during the audit or areas where they would request additional procedures to be undertaken.
ISA 570: C	Going concern	
11	How do TCWG satisfy themselves that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements?	Going concern status is maintained through the use of the Medium Term Financial Strategy. The aim of the Strategy is to give us a realistic and sustainable plan that reflects the Council's priorities.  The Council currently holds adequate levels of reserves that could be used in the event of emerging financial difficulties in the short term, allowing for more detailed plans to be considered and put in place for the longer term.
		Members receive regular reports on the financial position of the Council and, in turn, the impact on the Medium Term Financial Strategy and reserve balances.  The assessment of going concern will also take into account the Council's status as a tax-raising body.